- 1. (Original) A glutamic acid receptor protein having the following properties:
 - (A) it has a transmembrane domain and an intracellular domain common to those of type 4 metabotropic glutamic acid receptor protein, and (B) It has an extracellular domain by about 316 or 327 amino acid residues shorter than that of the type 4 metabotropic glutamic acid receptor protein.
- 2. (Original) The glutamic acid receptor protein according to claim 1, wherein the protein is expressed in rat small intestine and large intestine.
- 3. (Original) The glutamic acid receptor protein according to claim 1, wherein the protein comprises the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 7 or the amino acid sequence consisting of amino acids numbers 12 to 584 in the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 7.
- 4. (Currently amended) A DNA which encodes a glutamic acid receptor protein according to $\frac{1}{2}$ and does not

express type 4 metabotropic glutamic acid receptor protein.

- 5. (Currently amended) A cell harboring a DNA which encodes the glutamic acid receptor protein according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1 in an expressible form.
- 6. (Currently amended) A method of producing glutamic acid receptor protein or a cell harboring the glutamic acid receptor protein, comprising cultivating a cell harboring a DNA which encodes the glutamic acid receptor protein according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1 in an expressible form in a medium to produce the glutamic acid receptor protein.
- 7. (Currently amended) A method of screening an agonist, an antagonist, or an allosteric modulator of glutaminc acid, comprising the steps of reacting the glutamic acid receptor protein according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1 with a substance that binds

to the protein in the presence of a test substance, and detecting inhibition or promotion of the reaction.

- 8. (Currently amended) A method of screening an agonist of glutamic acid comprising the steps of reacting a glutamic acid receptor protein according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1 and a test substance, and detecting the reaction.
- 9. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 7, wherein the cell according to claim 6 harboring a DNA which encodes the glutamic acid receptor protein or a membrane fraction prepared from the cell is used as the glutamic acid receptor protein.
- 10. (Original) A method according to claim 9, wherein the inhibition or promotion of the binding is detected by a second messenger generated by the glutamic acid receptor protein.
- 11. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 8, wherein

a DNA which encodes the glutamic acid receptor protein or a membrane fraction prepared from the cell is used as the glutamic acid receptor protein.

- 12. (Original) A method according to claim 11, wherein inhibition or promotion of the binding is detected by a second messenger generated by the glutamic acid receptor protein.
- 13. (Currently amended) An antibody that specifically binds to the glutamic acid receptor protein according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1.
- 14. (Currently amended) A method of producing a drug for modulating a second messenger generated by binding glutamic acid to a glutamic acid receptor, comprising the steps of: reacting the glutamic acid receptor protein according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1 with a substance that binds to the protein in the presence of a test

substance and detecting inhibition or promotion of the reaction to screen an agonist, an antagonist, or an allosteric modulator of glutamic acid; and preparing a pharmaceutical composition containing the agonist, antagonist, or allosteric modulator of glutamic acid obtained in the reacting step as an active ingredient.

15. (Currently amended)

A method of producing a drug for modulating a second messenger generated by binding glutamic acid to a glutamic acid receptor, comprising the steps of: reacting the glutamic acid receptor protein according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1 with a test substance and detecting the reaction to screen an agonist of glutamic acid; and preparing a pharmaceutical composition containing the agonist of glutamic acid obtained in the reacting step as an active ingredient.